# Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 21: Percentages – Missing Values

## **National Curriculum Objectives:**

Mathematics Year 6: (6R2) Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison Mathematics Year 6: (6F11) Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

#### Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Reasoning)

Developing Compare two statements finding percentages and explain why one is correct.

Percentages are multiples of 10 and solutions are whole numbers.

Expected Compare two statements finding percentages and explain why one is correct.

Percentages are multiples of 2 and 5, and solutions may have one decimal place.

Greater Depth Compare two statements finding any percentage and explain why one is correct. Solutions may have one decimal place.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Problem Solving)

Developing Complete a cross puzzle by finding the missing values. Percentages are multiples of 10.

Expected Complete a cross puzzle by finding two possible solutions for the missing values.

Percentages are multiples of 2 and 5.

Greater Depth Complete a cross puzzle by finding two possible solutions for the missing values.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Problem Solving)

Developing Solve a one-step word problem by finding the missing value. Percentages are multiples of 10 and a bar model is provided.

Expected Solve a two-step word problem by finding the missing value. Percentages are multiples of 2 and 5, and a bar model is provided.

Greater Depth Solve a multi-step word problem by finding the missing values.

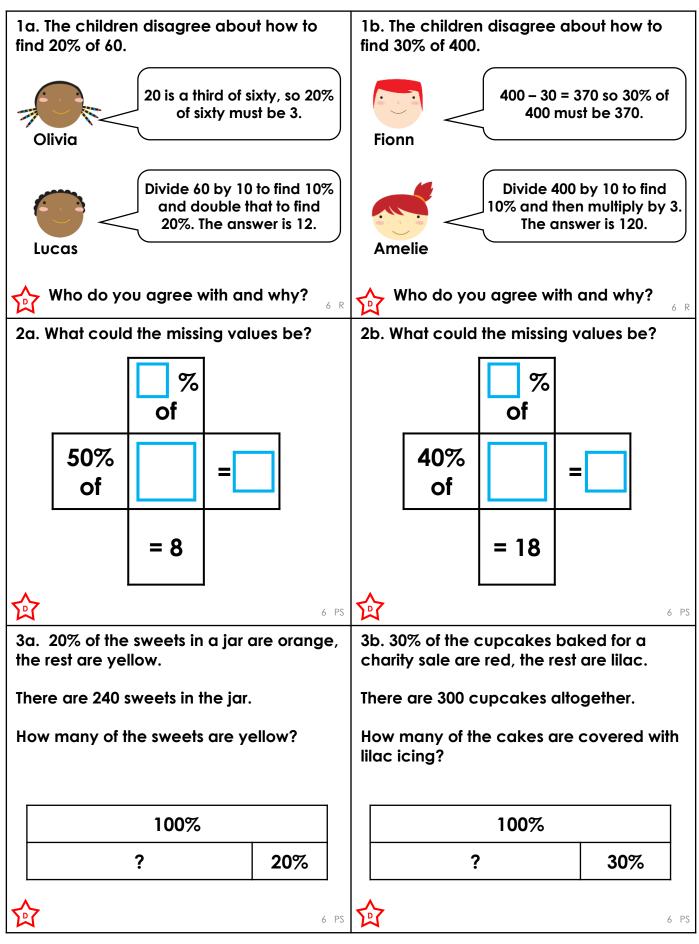
More Year 5 and Year 6 Decimals and Percentages resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it on our website.



# <u>Percentages – Missing Values</u>

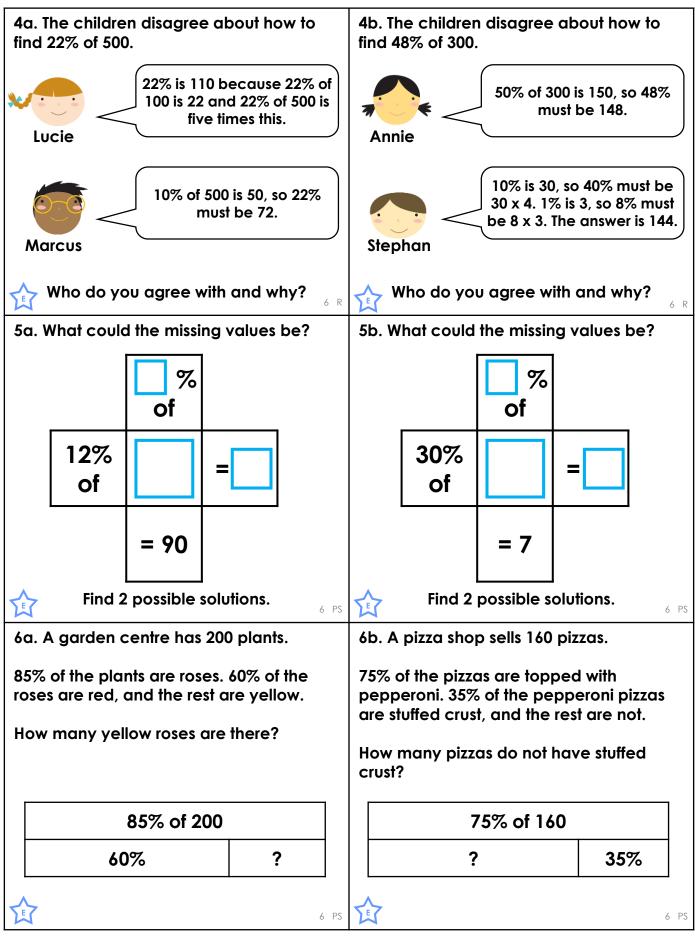
# <u>Percentages – Missing Values</u>





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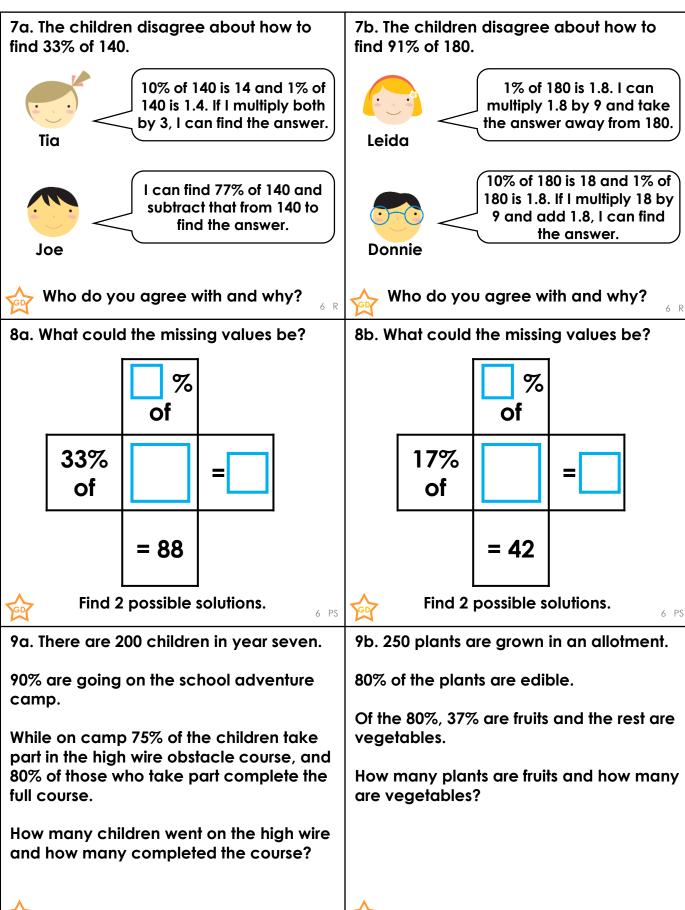
# <u>Percentages – Missing Values</u>





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# Percentages - Missing Values





## <u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> Percentages – Missing Values

# <u>Developing</u>

1a. Lucas is correct; Olivia's method does not find 20%.

2a. Various possible answers, for example: 50% of 40 = 20 and 20% of 40 = 8

3a. 192 sweets

## **Expected**

4a. Lucie is correct; Marcus has added 22 to 10%.

5a. Various possible answers, for example: 12% of 180 = 21.6 and 50% of 180 = 90; 12% of 360 = 43.2 and 25% of 360 = 90 6a. 68 roses

## **Greater Depth**

7a. Either method could be used. Children's answers may vary dependent on their chosen method.

8a. Various possible answers, for example: 33% of 100 = 33 and 88% of 100 = 88; 33% of 160 = 52.8 and 55% of 160 = 88

9a. 135 children went on the high wire and 108 completed the course.

## <u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>Percentages – Missing Values</u>

## **Developing**

1b. Amelie is correct; Lucas' method does not find 30%.

2b. Various possible answers, for example: 40% of 90 = 36 and 20% of 90 = 18
3b. 210 cakes

### **Expected**

4b. Stephan is correct; Annie has taken 2 (instead of 2%) away from 50%.
5b. Various possible answers, for example: 30% of 70 = 21 and 10% of 70 = 7; 30% of 35 = 10.5 and 20% of 35 = 7

#### **Greater Depth**

6b. 78 pizzas

7b. Either method could be used. Children's answers may vary dependent on their chosen method.

8b. Various possible answers, for example: 17% of 100 = 17 and 42% of 100 = 42; 17% of 150 = 25.5 and 28% of 150 = 42 9b. 74 of the plants are fruit and 126 are vegetables.

